

Emerging Technology Committee



Service Information The Value of a Standardized Industry Process

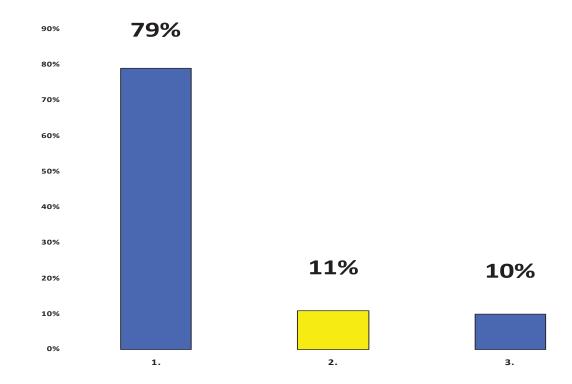
Presented by: Emerging Technologies Committee

Jason "Buck" Zeise
Chuck Olsen
Darrell Amberson
Bob Augustine
Jake Rodenroth
Barry Dorn

Audience Response Question:

A Glossary of Scanning Terms Helps Interpret Diagnostics Scan Results and Service Information

- 1. Agree
- 2. Disagee
- 3. Abstain

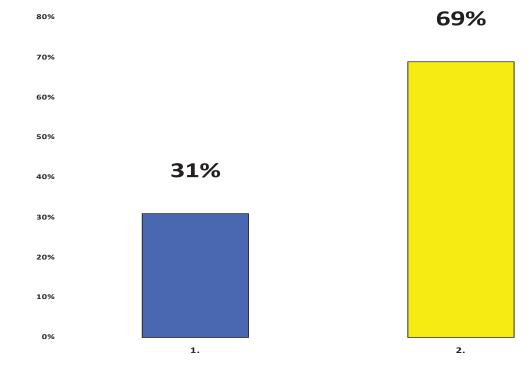


Audience Response Question:

A Vehicle Scan Will Identify Any Required Calibrations or Programming Procedures Needed

1. True

2. False

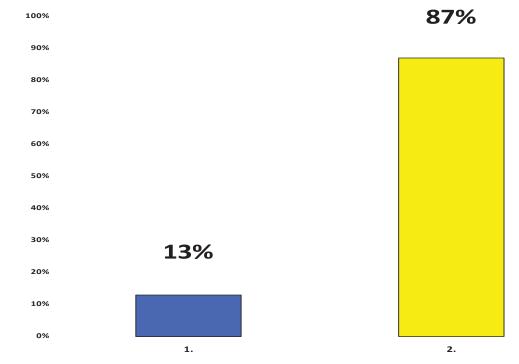


Audience Response Question:

A Vehicle Scan Will Identify Damaged Parts And What Needs To Be Replaced

1. True

2. False



Alliance of Automobile Manufacturers and Association of Global Automakers Statement on Use of OEM Repair Procedures

January 16, 2019

- An automaker's top priority is its customers' safety, as is safeguarding the overall health of the motor vehicle fleet utilizing our nation's shared roadways every day.
- All post-collision vehicle repairs must be conducted in accordance with the repair procedures issued by the vehicle's original equipment manufacturer (OEM), specific to that vehicle's year, make, and model. This includes any directives contained therein relative to pre- and post-scanning of vehicle systems.
- OEMs develop repair procedures to help safely restore vehicle systems to proper conditions. The processes follow service and structural engineering practices that have been tested by the manufacturer through crash simulation, actual crash testing, and real-world validation of the repair methodology. Beyond the simple reinstallation of vehicle hardware, OEM repair procedures provide the measurements and tolerances to correctly recalibrate advanced driver safety and assist systems increasingly found on today's vehicles, including lane departure warnings, emergency braking, adaptive cruise control, and blind-spot monitoring.
- Failure to follow OEM repair procedures in the course of a post-collision repair should be considered an unauthorized modification of a vehicle and its systems, introducing the potential for bodily injury and death to any future drivers and occupants of the vehicle, as well as occupants in other motor vehicles on the roadway.

Emerging Technologies What is a Crypto-Encabulator?



Emerging Technologies Glossary Updates; Definitions

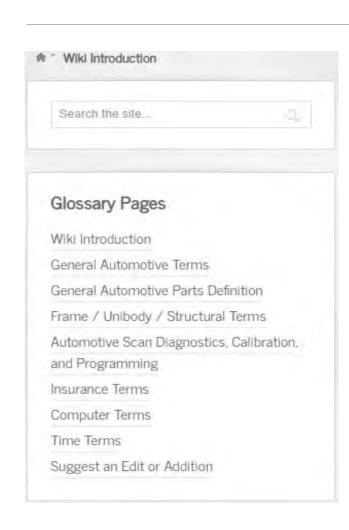
CIC WIKI www.ciclink.com/wiki-glossary/

Advanced Scan, Diagnostics, Calibration and Programming



www.ciclink.com/automotive-scan-diagnostics-calibration-and-programming/

CIC Wiki-Glossary new Definition/Edit Requests



Wiki Introduction CIC Wiki/Glossary Jargon which describes the terms used in the collision repair industry in the United States. This Wiki is maintained by the CIC Definitions Committee. USE DISCLAIMER: The information contained is intended to be general industry terminology and not intended to be utilized in a legalistic manner. Neither the Collision Industry Conference (CIC), the CIC Definitions Committee, nor its contributors shall be held liable for any improper or incorrect use of the information described and/or contained herein and assumes no responsibility for anyone's use of the information. All additions and/or corrections should be reported using the form below. Name + John Doe First Email -JohnDoe@email.com Correction or Addition -Enter your definition suggestion here for either a suggested update to an existing definition or a definition that is missing from current lists Please designate Glossary page you are referring too General, Parts, Frame, Scanning/calibration, etc.

Current Definitions Under Review for Update

CALIBRATION: Calibration is a software "learn" or "re-learn" procedure for a vehicle system or component, typically performed with a scan tool using appropriate software. Examples could be ADAS radar, windshield/surround cameras, window regulators, brake pedal position, steering angle and HVAC actuators. Performing a calibration is not programming as those two terms are typically used in the automotive repair environment. A calibration needs to be performed whenever the OEM service information indicates it is necessary as part of a repair procedure, regardless of whether or not a component was replaced. In many cases, a battery disconnect can be enough to require calibrations to be performed. If a module or component was replaced, module programming may need to be done prior to the calibration procedure.

CONDITIONAL MONITORING: Each of the emission-based Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) have an enable criteria that must be met before the Powertrain Computer Module (PCM) runs its diagnostic sequence. DTCs that have dependencies on other DTCs being set or not set are referred to as Conditional. The OEM Service Information is required to understand the enable criteria for each DTC and to properly troubleshoot and correct.

Additional Definitions Under Review

ROAD TEST BASIC: Performed by shop personnel to verify standard vehicle performance and condition, including – but not limited to, centered steering wheel, vibrations, pulling conditions, wind noise, rattles, engine performance, transmission shifting, etc.

DYNAMIC SYSTEMS VERIFICATION (DSV) ROAD TEST: Performed by trained and qualified shop personnel to identify and confirm performance of the vehicle systems (as described above) plus advanced vehicle features and systems including driver assistance and safety systems such as advanced cruise control and safety restraint systems.

DYNAMIC: Driving the vehicle as defined by the OEM to meet specific criteria and conditions

SYSTEMS: any part of the vehicle- safety systems, steering/suspension, body, accessories, optional equip and ADAS

VERIFICATION: proving out proper driving & handling characteristics, wind noise, rattles, squeaks and the proper operation of any/all ADAS equipment on the vehicle regardless of whether the shop serviced that system or not.

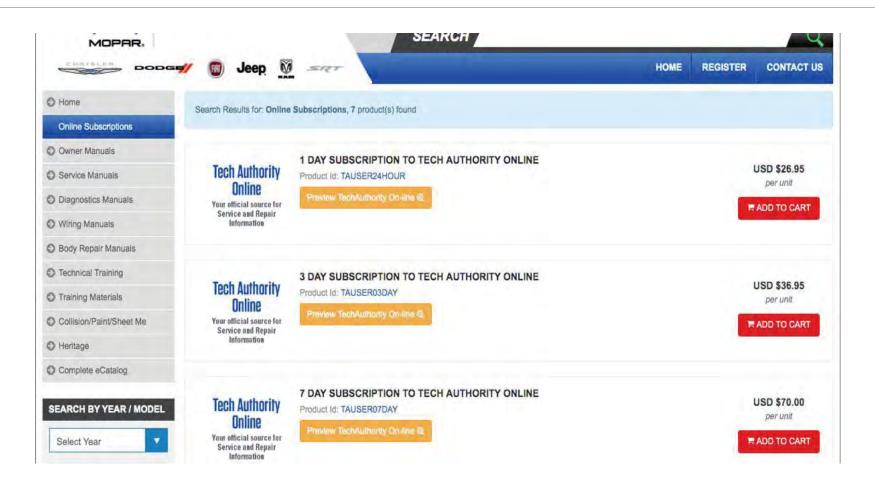
DIAGNOSTICS: The process of determining problems associated with DTCs, scan data or symptoms identified to determine what repairs, calibrations or parts will be necessary for a complete and safe repair. Process may also include service information research, on-vehicle pin-point testing, and inspecting systems or components in damaged areas.

OEM Access for Independents?



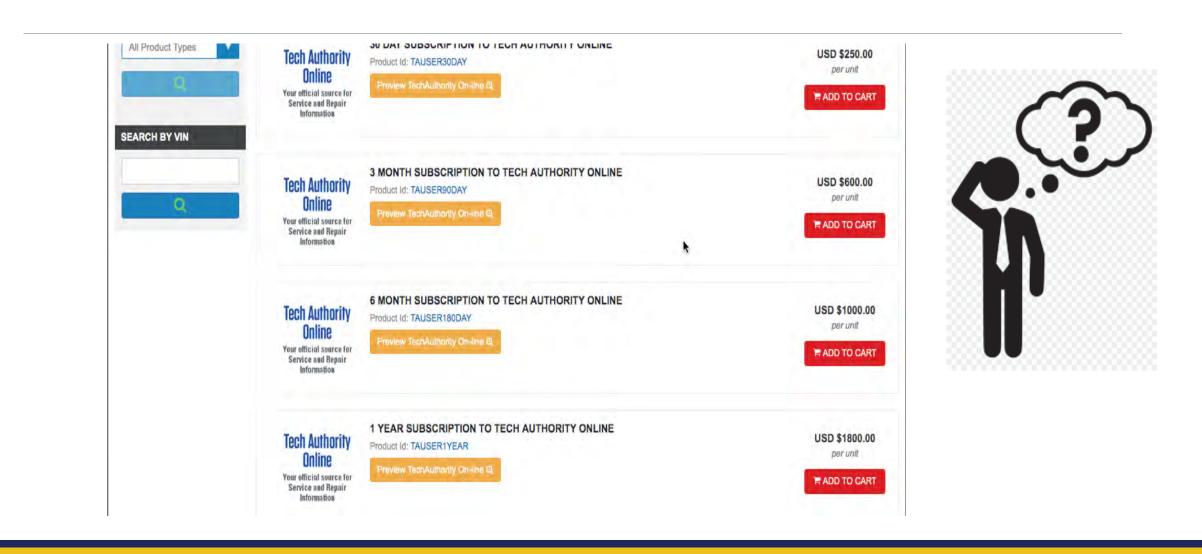


OEM Access for Independents?





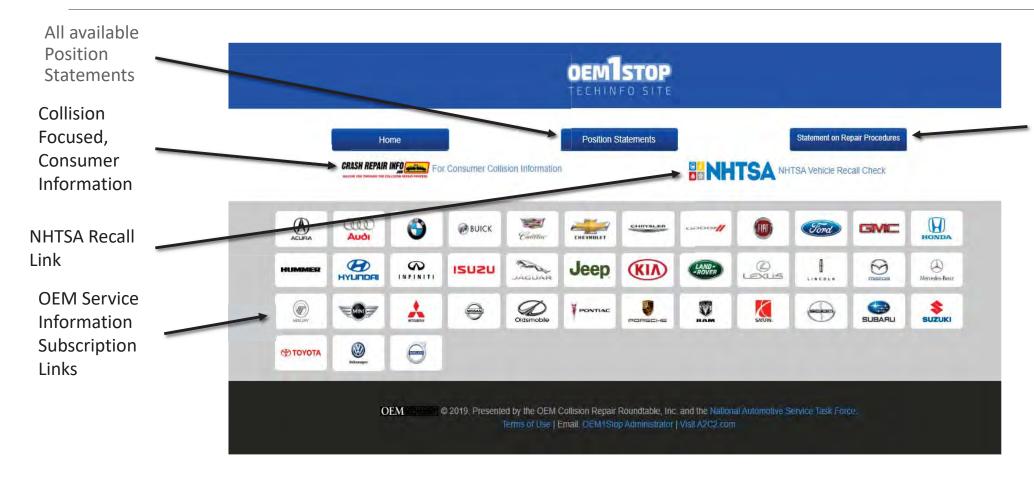
OEM Access for Independents?



OEM Service Information Access

Collision repair focused

www.oem1stop.com



Alliance of Automobile
Manufacturers and
Association of Global
Automakers Statement on
Use of OEM Repair
Procedures

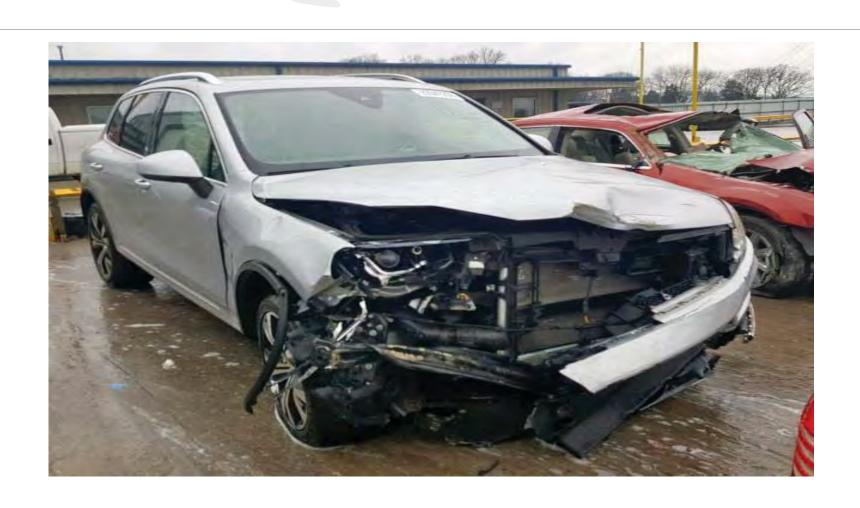
OEM Technology Access

Technology Focused

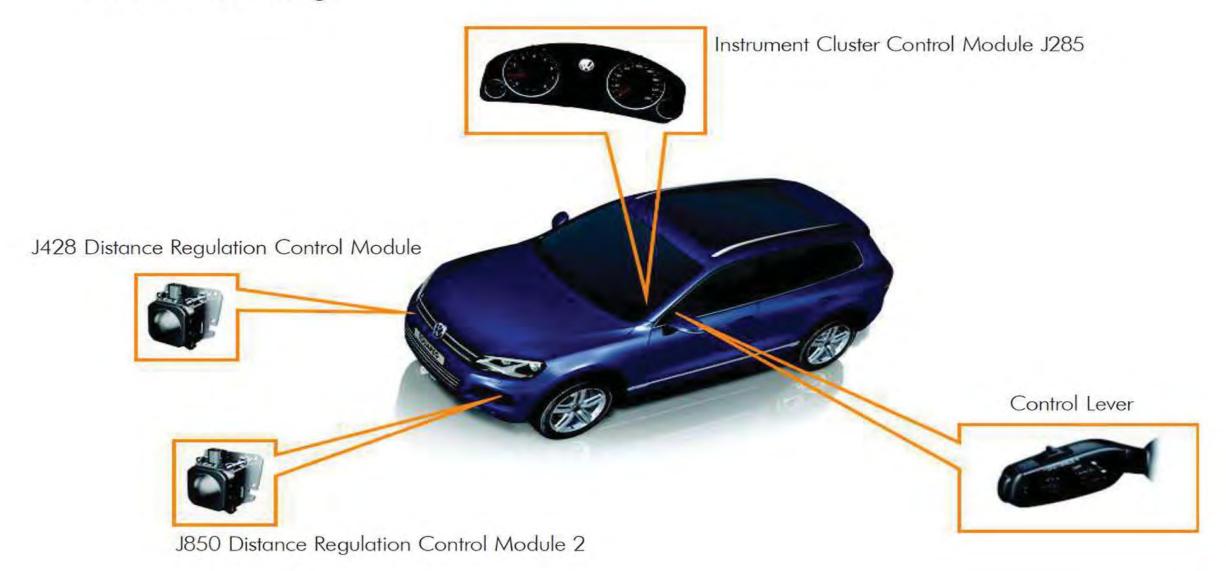
www.nastf.org



Basic Fundamental Repair Processes in Collision Repair have changed



ACC for Touareg

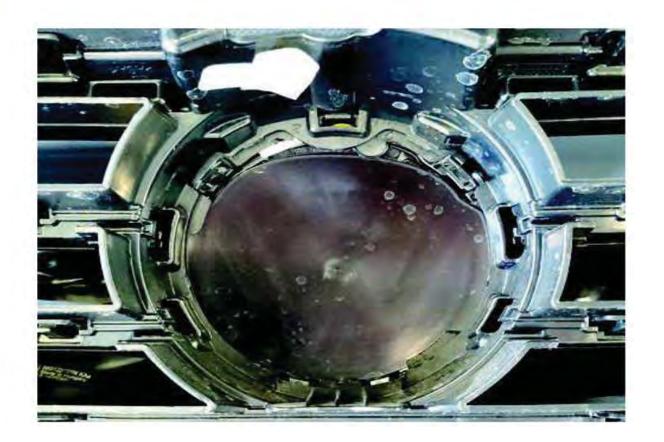


Forward Radar Systems

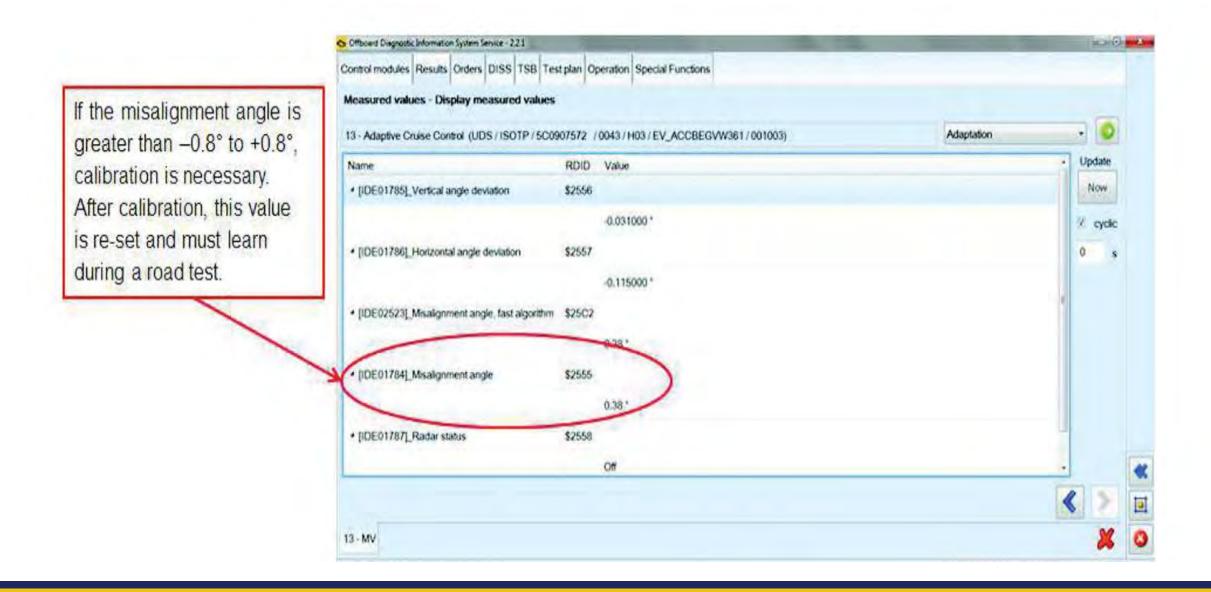
Calibration Requirements for Forward Radar Sensors

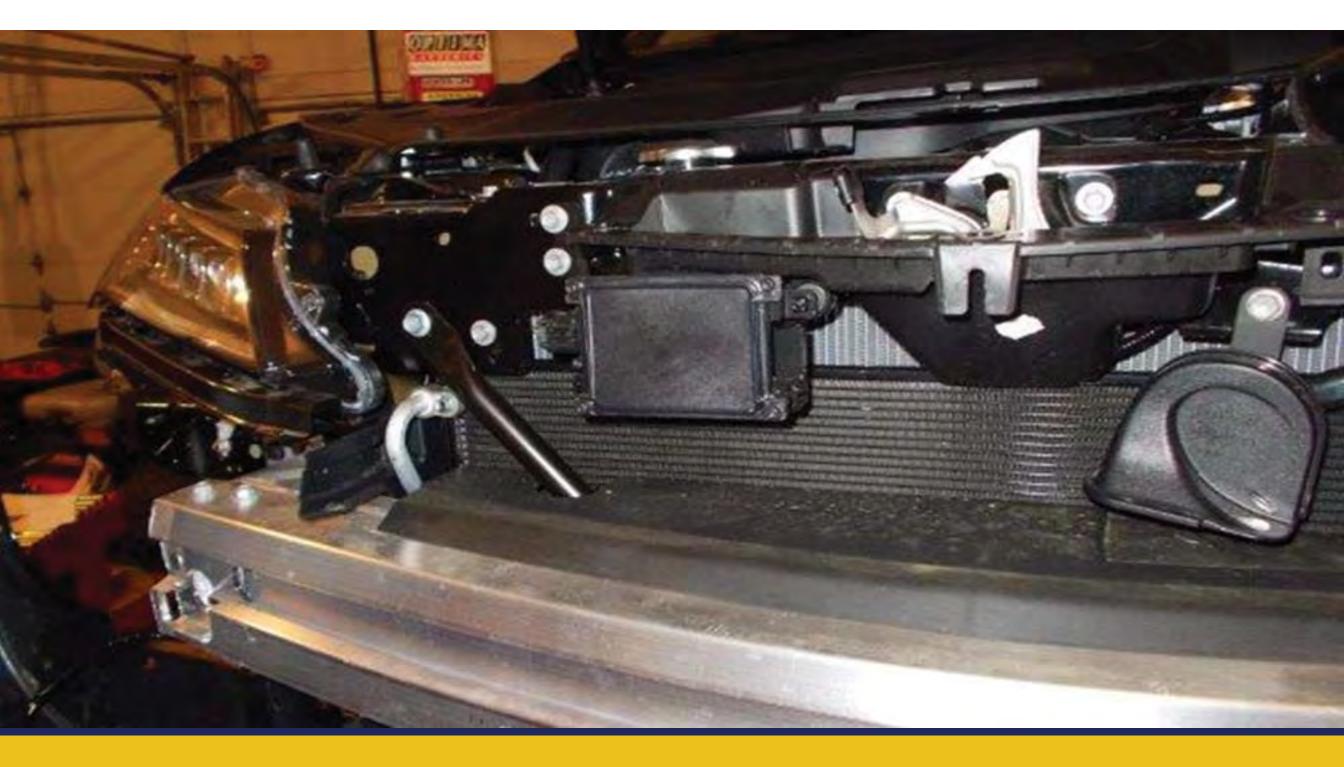
Calibration of the forward radar sensor is required if any of the following occur:

- Rear axle toe setting has been adjusted (thrust angle)
- The Distance Regulation Control Module J428 has been removed and reinstalled
- The front bumper support has been removed and installed
- The front bumper support has become loose or has been moved
- The misalignment angle is greater than -0.8° to $+0.8^{\circ}$ (see below)
- The vehicle has been brought into the service position
- When performing an alignment

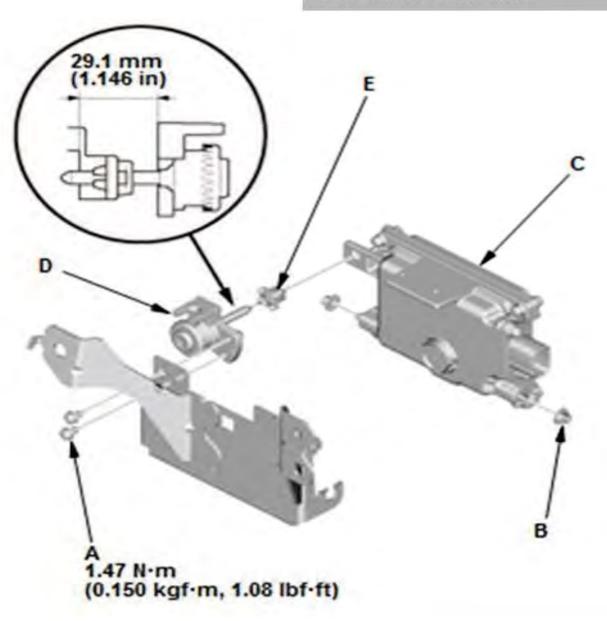


Use Diagnostic tools to discover misalignment angles pre-repair





3. All Removed Parts - Install



1. Install the parts in the reverse order of removal.

NOTE: After installing the millimeter wave radar, measure the clearance 29.1 mm (1.146 in) between the millimeter wave radar and its bracket.

 If the clearance is out of the standard, adjust the aiming bolt.

Measurement of the *radar and* its mounting bracket

CMBS GRILLE DRIFFERENCES

Models equipped with the Collision Mitigating Braking System[™] use a millimeter wave radar unit.

 Installing the wrong front grille will cause the CMBS indicator to come on and DTC P2583-97 (dust or dirt on the millimeter wave radar) to set.



Back Side View of Grille Molding (w/CMBS)



Back Side View of Grille Molding (w/o CMBS)

Not Documented, Not Done



- Identify and report Pre- Repair diagnostic results that could result in further claims severity
- Fully explain judgement labor times on a vehicle by vehicle basis.
- Road tests... Road tests... Road tests...
 Document in and out mileage, incl a copy of road test map and gain customer authorization proactively. Also not all road tests are created equally (3). Perform according to system(s) being serviced.
- If an ADAS calibration is being performed by ANYONE it should be photographed and identified and audited for compliance.

Panel Discussion The Value of a Standardized Industry Process

Moderator:

❖ Barry Dorn – Dorn's Body and Paint

Panelists:

- **▶** Jason "Buck" Zeise LaMettry's Collision and Glass
 - Chuck Olsen AirPro Diagnostics
 - **▶** Darrell Amberson LaMettry's Collision and Glass
 - **▶** Bob Augustine Drew Technologies
 - **→** Jake Rodenroth asTech